

## Frazar Memorial Library

#6 Plan cycle - 6 Plan cycle 2020/2021 7/1/20 - 6/30/21 Frazar Memorial Library's mission is to:

- Provide carefully chosen information services and resources to support the university's mission and goals.
- Provide educational opportunities and programs that support information literacy among students, faculty, and staff.
- Provide a student-centered and collaborative environment to enhance and support excellence in life-long learning for the McNeese community, the Southwest Louisiana community, and the citizens of the State of Louisiana.

Frazar Memorial Library provides information services, resources, and information literacy programs to McNeese students.

Frazar Memorial Library strives to provide the same or comparable access to its services, resources, and programs to both local and distance education students. Distance education students may access electronic databases and books from any location. The Library also offers phone, email and instant messaging reference service, library instruction videos, and subject research guides to all students through its web site.

## Performance Objective 1 Increase the information literacy of students.

## 1 Assessment and Benchmark

Benchmark: The Public Services Department will provide at least 20 subject-specific information literacy sessions annually.

## 1.1 Data

Course-specific Instruction Sessions:

	Academic Year Ending				
Course	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018
ART 352 - Art Appreciation	Ι	-	2	1	-
BIOL 481 - Research	2	2	2	2	2
BIOL 601	-	-	-	-	-
CSCI 491 - Capstone	2	2	2	_	2
Chemistry (Summer Camp)	-	-	1	-	-
Counseling	1	_	_	_	_
Cultural Diversity for Health Practitioners	Ι	2	-	-	-
EDTC 245 - Educational Technology Foundations	Ι	-	-	-	1
ENGL 104 - Freshman Composition for International Students	-	-	-	-	2
ENGL 203 - Introduction to Literature	Ι	-	-	-	1
ENGL 301 - American Literature Survey	Ι	-	-	-	2
ENG 302	-	-	-	-	-
ENGL 402 - World Literature: Enlightenment to 20th Century	-	-	-	-	1
ENGL 410					
ENGL 651 - Bibliography and Literary Historiography	-	-	-	-	1
ENTR 305	-	-	-	-	-
ESLI - English as a Second Language	-	-	-	-	1
FFND 101 - Freshman Foundations for Engineers	_	2	5	2	-
HIST 300 - Research	8	8	8	8	8
HIST 410 - Research Seminar in History	-	-	-	-	1
MATH 403 - Numerical Methods II	_	_	_	-	1
MATH 461 - History of Mathematics	-	_	_	-	1

MGMT 300	-	-	-	-	-
NUFS nutrition orientation	-	-	-	-	-
NURS 318 - Mental Health Nursing	Ι	-	-	Ι	2
NURS 326 - Nursing Informatics	5	4	2	4	-
NURS 390 - Embedded Librarianship with Nursing Research	1	2	2	2	-
NURS 602 - Research	4	4	4	5	3
Nursing Graduate Orientation	I	-	2	2	2
POLS 201 - American Government	-	-	-	-	4
POLS 301 - State and Local Government	_	-	_	-	1
POLS 360 - American Political Behavior	_	-	-	-	1
POLS 401					
POLS 447 - The Legislative Process	-	-	-	-	1
POLS 448					
POLS 480 - Conflict and Diplomacy	-	-	-	-	1
Public Relations	1	1	-	-	_
K-12	-	_	_	-	3
Total	24	27	30	26	42

Course	Academic Year Ending				
Course	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023
AGEC 201 - Introduction to Agricultural Economics		2	-		
AGRI 340 - Junior Seminar	_	4	3		
AGRI 441 - Seminar		2	2		
ART 352 - Art Appreciation	_	—	-		
BIOL 481 - Research	3	2	2		
BIOL 601 - Graduate Seminar	1	_	-		
CSCI 491 - Capstone	1	1	-		
Chemistry (Summer Camp)	_	_	-		
Counseling	_		-		

Cultural Diversity for Health Practitioners	-	_	-	
EDTC 245 - Educational Technology Foundations	_	_	-	
ENGL 104 - Freshman Composition for International Students	_	_	-	
ENGL 203 - Introduction to Literature	3	_	-	
ENGL 301 - American Literature Survey	-		-	
ENGL 302 - Survey of American Literature II	1		-	
ENGL 361 - Advanced English Composition	_	2	-	
ENGL 402 - World Literature: Enlightenment to 20th Century	_	_	-	
ENGL 410			1	
ENGL 651 - Bibliography and Literary Historiography	1	_	-	
ENTR 305 - Family Business and Franchising	1	_	-	
ESLI - English as a Second Language	-	_	-	
FFND ENG	—	1	1	
FFND 101 - Freshman Foundations for Engineers	_	_	-	
HIST 300 - Research	8	8	5	
HIST 410 - Research Seminar in History	_	2	-	
MATH 403 - Numerical Methods II	_	-	-	
MATH 461 - History of Mathematics	1	1	-	
MATH 491 - Seminar	-	1	-	
MCOM 481 - Mass Communication Theory and Research	_	1	-	
MGMT 300 - Management Concepts and Practices	1	—	-	
MKGT 461	-	-	1	
NFSC 111	-	-	1	
NUFS nutrition orientation	1		-	
NURS 318 - Mental Health Nursing	2		-	
NURS 326 - Nursing Informatics	_	_	-	

NURS 390 - Embedded		1		 1
Librarianship with Nursing Research	_	_	-	
NURS 602 - Research	2	2	4	
NURS 695 - Focused Scholarly Project	-	1	2	
Nursing Graduate Orientation	3	2	1	
POLS 201 - American Government	2	_	-	
POLS 301 - State and Local Government	2	_	-	
POLS 360 - American Political Behavior	_	_	-	
POLS 401 - Political Parties in the United States	1	_	-	
POLS 447 - The Legislative Process	_	_	-	
POLS 448 - The Executive Process	1	-	-	
POLS 480 - Conflict and Diplomacy			-	
PSYC 428 - Procedures in Psychology Research	—	1	-	
Public Relations	—	—	-	
K-12	1	1	-	
Total	36	34	23	

#### 1.1.1 Analysis of Data and Plan for Continuous Improvement

#### 2017-2018:

The Library was successful in expanding in certain areas. Discussions with Business faculty were difficult because of the size of the classes. In 2018-2019, the Library will explore alternative means of instruction to better suit the large classes. It remains a goal of the Library to expand instruction into the College of Business.

## 2018-2019:

The Library successfully developed instruction partnerships with two business faculty. These did not expand into the large classes, which were the primary focus of the faculty and the librarians. In 2019-2020, the Library will continue to work with business faculty to collaborate on group assignments for the large classes. The library will also work to expand instruction in the College of Education and the new SEM college.

## 2019-2020:

The Library was successful in expanding the information literacy program to the College of Agricultural Sciences. Faculty fluctuations (retirements, separations, and other priorities) across campus led to a slight decline in information literacy partnerships. Emphasis is placed on video tutorials rather than face-to-face instruction. The shelter-in-place order also caused problems with traditional instruction sessions. In 2020-2021, we will continue to track this goal.

#### 2020-2021:

Instruction suffered with the pandemic and hurricanes. Several of our campus partners were busy adapting

to an entirely new mechanism for their classes. The library component was dropped. We are trying to rebuild relationships for the fall 2021 semester.

## 2 Assessment and Benchmark

Benchmark: The Public Services Department will continue to pursue a goal of an 80% average score on ENGL 101 and ENGL 102 information literacy quizzes.

2.1 Data

ENGL 101:

Term	Average Score
Summer 2017	85.70%
Fall 2017	89.80%
Spring 2018	84.75%
Summer 2018	_
Fall 2018	87.22%
Spring 2019	66.75%
Summer 2019	87.5%
Fall 2019	82%
Spring 2020	76.53%
Fall 2020	87%
Spring 2021	77%

ENGL 102:

Term	Average Score
Spring 2013	92.14%
Summer 2013	93.33%
Fall 2013	84.10%
Spring 2014	79.89%
Summer 2014	82.74%
Fall 2014	75.36%
Spring 2015	77.00%
Summer 2015	—
Fall 2015	78.00%
Spring 2016	77.00%
Summer 2016	81.30%
Fall 2016	58.40%
Spring 2017	81.00%
Summer 2017	77.90%
Fall 2017	86.50%

Spring 2018	87.10%
Summer 2018	82.82%
Fall 2018	88.82%
Spring 2019	86.09%
Summer 2019	_
Fall 2019	84%
Spring 2020	83.54%
Fall 2020	82%
Spring 2021	92%

#### 2.1.1 Analysis of Data and Plan for Continuous Improvement

#### 2017-2018:

This was the first year that we split our ENGL information literacy into the two sections. In 2018-2019 we will establish benchmarks. The data show that not every ENGL 101 instructor is using the module. Our goal is to continue marketing the ENGL 101 module and secure greater participation.

#### 2018-2019:

Participation among ENGL 101 instructors remained voluntary. Instructors preferred bringing their classes to the Library for a tour rather than use the video tutorials. In 2019-2020, the Library will redesign the ENGL video tutorial modules based on feedback from the instructors of both ENGL 101 and ENGL 102. The assessment quizzes will also be redesigned to further separate the information literacy concepts between these courses. Lastly, the benchmark will be increased to an average score of 85%.

#### 2019-2020:

In the summer of 2019 the Public Services reviewed the video tutorials and consulted with the ENG 101 and ENG 102 coordinators. The results were that we made the quiz for ENG 102 a little more difficult, and the quiz for ENG 101 a little more simple. The results are a little surprising for ENG 101 in Spring 2020 because it is an easier quiz. In 2020-2021, we will increase the benchmark for both quizzes to 85%.

#### 2020-2021:

In October 2020 the university outsourced Moodle management to eThink. When eThink supplied the data on quizzes, for the first time we were able to include the dual enrollments in our computations. We believe the addition of hundred of students to the computations has resulted in the stark changes in the scores. As of summer 2021 we are working with the ENGL 101 and 102 faculty coordinators to redesign the modules in light of the Life 101 series. The Life 101 library instruction module matches that of ENGL 101, so we are taking the opportunity to stagger information literacy concepts between Life 101, ENGL 101, and ENGL 102. At present, we are not planning on changing the quizzes to adjust the scores.

#### **3** Assessment and Benchmark

Benchmark: The Public Services Department will continue to pursue a goal of an 80% average score on the FFND 101 information literacy quiz. We will also try to improve participation among the FFND instructors.

#### 3.1 Data

FFND 101:	
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Term	Average Score
Spring 2013	69.3%
Fall 2013	94.4%
Spring 2014	93.5%
Fall 2014	78.8%

Spring 2015	57%
Fall 2015	79%
Spring 2016	92%
Fall 2016	92.5%
Spring 2017	92.5%
Fall 2017	87.4%
Spring 2018	N/A*
Fall 2018	81%
Spring 2019	91.1%
Fall 2019	85%
Spring 2020	—
Fall 2020	-
Spring 2021	-

\*Only two sections of FFND 101 were offered, and neither used the Library module.

#### 3.1.1 Analysis of Data and Plan for Continuous Improvement

#### 2017-2018:

Outreach to FFND instructors was overall unsuccessful. Most instructors we spoke to were reluctant to change their syllabi. For 2018-2019 we will focus on marketing to PSYC 101. This course (identified by the QEP) is a replacement for FFND in the Colleges of Business and Education.

#### 2018-2019:

Outreach to PSYC instructors was largely unsuccessful. The faculty members expressed favorable views of the library and previous FFND tutorials. However, they indicated that as they refined PSYC 101 to their needs, the video tutorials were less useful to them. They did express interest in our refinement of the video tutorial modules. In 2019-2020 the Library will update the FFND video tutorial module along with the ENGL modules. FFND may be returning to the General Education curriculum. Therefore, the Public Services Department does not plan to redesign the FFND module to accommodate PSYC 101 until we learn more about the future of FFND. We are also revising the assessment quiz.

#### 2019-2020:

FFND appears to be phased out. We will continue to work with PSYC 101 instructors and any other FFND cross-over courses we can identify. We do not plan to make much, if any changes to the FFND module updated in Summer 2019. A new series of orientation courses loosely dubbed Life 101 (to include Life 102, 103, and 104) is being designed at the University level with a plan to pilot the content in Fall 2021. In 2020-2021, the Public Services Department will work with the group developing these courses and will be designing content for this new program. The Department will change the benchmark to reflect the new program.

#### 2020-2021:

Once again, PSYCH 101 instructors rebuffed our overtures for partnerships. We created a new library instruction module for Life 101, a mandatory course for all Freshmen. The overlap in content between Life 101 and FFND is strong. We reached out to the FFND instructors and found some support for select video tutorials. It remains a challenge for eThink to turn over video tutorial usage stats. Future reporting will include FFND and Life 101.

#### 4 Assessment and Benchmark

Benchmark: The Library will:

• Collaborate with the English Department in creating a module for ENGL 101 by taking some components out of the ENGL 102 module. We hope this will boost viewing for all tutorials.

- Maintain the level of viewings reached in Fall 2015.
- Explore alternatives to Tegrity to host the tutorials.

## 4.1 Data

Number of Views:

Tutorial	Fall 2014	Spring 2015	Summer 2015	Fall 2015
Academic Search Complete	106	285	14	195
Library Catalog	118	343	18	214
Discovery	85	203	12	136
Introduction to Academic Library	203	62	16	91
JSTOR	40	240	10	200
Literati	0	238	5	145
Plagiarism	546	246	13	160
Searching for Information	4	442	15	230
Types of Information	0	687	23	394

Note: Spring 2016 usage statistics are unavailable. This situation was discovered in January 2016 with University Computing Services researching the problem. Since that time we have been unable to identify the cause or how to fix the problem. The Library is looking at alternatives for using Tegrity for hosting our video tutorials. Information unavailable for semesters preceding Fall 2014.

Tutorial	Academic Year Ending		
Tutorial	2017	2018	2019
Academic Search Complete	517	611	511
Library Catalog	445	510	430
Discovery	208	60	24
Introduction to Academic Library	489	465	_
JSTOR	435	576	472
Literati	105	5	_
Plagiarism	324	962	682
Searching for Information	381	12	-
Types of Information	643	49	-
ILL	171	542	510
Primary vs. Secondary	-	1,621	1,400

Scholarly vs. Non-Scholarly	-	1,096	1,097
Website Evaluation	_	446	461

Number of Views:

Tutorial	Academic Year Ending		
	2020	2021	2022
Academic Search Complete	408	290	
Library Catalog	487	336	
Discovery	16	1	
Introduction to Academic Library		-	
JSTOR	381	210	
Literati	—	-	
Plagiarism	768	296	
Searching for Information	_	-	
Types of Information	-	-	
ILL	495	340	
Primary vs. Secondary	1,366	480	
Scholarly vs. Non-Scholarly	1,050	348	
Website Evaluation	449	303	
Philosophy	402	316	
Totals	5,822	2,920	

## 4.1.1 Analysis of Data and Plan for Continuous Improvement

2017-2018:

- There are two observations to account for the big jump in tutorial viewings between 2016-2017 and 2017-2018. First, statistics were unavailable for spring 2016. Second, 2017-2018 was the first year to include tutorial modules for ENGL 101.
- The plagiarism and website evaluation tutorials were requested by faculty.
- All video tutorials were freely available on the website. The Library was unable to collect usage statistics for videos not accessed through Moodle. The library removed them from the homepage to see if faculty will contact the library regarding access. It is our intention to identify the courses using these tutorials to see if we can better adapt them to suit faculty/student needs.
- The new Library webpage for fall 2018 requires Public Services to update its videos.

There are several factors contributing to the drop-in video tutorial views. One, the loss of Tegrity usage reports meant that we had to develop alternative means of collecting usage statistics. An automatic monthly search of the Moodle database – thanks to campus IT – continues to be refined each semester. The query requires us to give an exact name of the tutorial and an exact course to search such as ENGL 101 or NURS 602. Any other uses were not recorded. Similarly, any faculty linking to the video tutorials on the homepage were not recorded. Two, we had to remove the video tutorials from our homepage because they did not include closed-captioning for ADA guidelines. Three, the changes in the video modules may not have been incorporated into every section of ENGL 101 and 102. The library did distribute the updated modules to the ENGL 101/102 Coordinator, and she did distribute to the instructors. However, she admits that the instructors may simply roll over a course and not update the tutorials. As of June 2019, we may have figured out a way to include closed captioning on our videos and capture additional usage statistics. In 2019-2020, the Library will continue to refine the Moodle database query search to capture more usage.

#### 2019-2020:

Video tutorial usage should have been much higher than the 5,822 views. There was very little usage in the late Spring 2020 semester when the ENG 101 classes usually bring a large addition of views. I believe the shelter-in-place order and the challenges of converting everything online led to a decline in pushing students to view the ENG 101 tutorials and assessment. The goal for 2020-2021 is to boost ENG 101 viewings. We may try for a goal of 6,500 views; but that is really dependent more upon the ENG 101 instructors than the Public Services Department.

In 2019-2020 the Library saw a large boost in views of the Philosophy video. The Public Services Department is trying to better capture viewings by subject-specific courses by including them on the monthly viewings report sent to us by UCS and measuring views on our webpage through Google Analytics. We created new video tutorials for Nursing; and we are trying to capture usage data through analytics.

#### 2020-2021:

In October 2020 the university outsourced the management of Moodle to eThink. We have not received usage statistics on our video tutorials since that time. By October 2020 the ENGL classes had already completed the library instruction component to their courses, so we have nearly half of a year's worth of data. I raised the issue with campus IT in December 2020 as this is a crucial statistic for SACSCOC accreditation (timely instruction to information literacy and access to library resources). Nothing happened until April 2021. There is discussion with eThink about options for this data; but apparently they cannot give us the automatic reports that campus IT previously generated. We are exploring options to obtain this data.

#### 5 Assessment and Benchmark

Benchmark: Public Services staff will expand the pilot project of specialized library research assignments for courses with a high level of writing assignments in collaboration with select professors. We will set a goal of 1-2 more courses for these information literacy assignments. The Archives and Special Collections Department will continue to provide extended and specialized research to patrons.

## 5.1 Data

#### 2017-2018:

Archives provided extended research to:

- A researcher from the University of South Carolina researched the social impacts of environmental pollution for his dissertation.
- A group of Sulphur middle school students used resources in the Archives to find information about WWII home front activities for a STEM robotics competition.
- The Archives contributed substantial research, artifacts, and images for the Lake Charles Sesquicentennial exhibit and other festivities.
- Donna Price of the American Press used Archives materials for a news story on the Pirateland amusement park project.

- A researcher from Rutgers University used our collections for his dissertation about social aspects of early AIDS prevention measures.
- A surgeon in North Carolina is writing a biography of Dr. Michael DeBakey and used our collections extensively.
- The Office of Public Relations used our materials to create a display about the MSU President's Home.

Public Services:

- Completed the pilot project of specialized library research assignments for writing enriched courses. We will try to continue to expand this option.
- Explored ways to collect assessment data from the non-ENGL and FFND courses (with quizzes built into those modules). The first point of data collection is determining which courses / faculty are using the video tutorials.

#### 2018-2019:

Archives provided extended research to:

- The Office of Public Information for images of Dr. David Richard Wallace for a KPLC story.
- An LSU History PhD student regarding the King family.
- A group of professional historians regarding Cameron Parish.
- LPB for a special on Paul Groves.
- Several campus offices to determine the copyright of three McNeese songs.

#### Public Services:

Discussions and planning with specific professors was sporadic through the academic year. We thought we had completed an assignment for History for spring 2019; but it was not incorporated into the course. The professor apologized for forgetting it and expressed a desire to use it in the future.

#### 2019-2020:

Archives provided extended research to:

- A PhD candidate from UT-EI Paso doing extensive research in Borderland Studies using our collections.
- Rita LeBleu of the LC *American Press* who needed information and images for a story about Claire Gardens.
- The Calcasieu Historical Preservation Society for their annual Home Tour.
- McNeese Athletics who requested photographs of Tony Robichaux for the dedication of the bullpen in his name.
- Author Thad Carter requested several images for his upcoming book about trains.
- McNeese administration requested detailed information about the history of the streets on the McNeese campus.
- Seven patrons during the COVID-19 crisis. Many of these patrons required multiple contacts. In some
  instances I hand delivered materials to patrons and met with them in person using proper protection
  and distancing techniques.

The Public Services Department did not collaborate with History or English faculty to develop specialized research assignments.

#### 2020-2021:

Archives provided extended research to:

- Architectural firms and FEMA who needed local architectural plans and information about buildings following the hurricanes.
- Several local authors working on books about Sulphur, railroads, and the Ship Channel.
- McNeese staff working on proposals for the new LNG Center.
- Two patrons from Minneapolis Public Radio who used our collections for a story about historical zoning laws.
- A patron from Sweden with information about a small local recording studio.
- We provided images to KPLC of past presidential visits for President Biden's visit to Lake Charles.

The Public Services Department successfully piloted a program with ENGL 410 for a dual presentation. We

are waiting to see if the professor will repeat the program. Our outreach efforts were partially successful. We have new partners in the Colleges of Agriculture and Business. Our outreach to STEM was rebuffed last year. However, we have some positive signs from Mathematics to include us in Fall 2021.

#### 5.1.1 Analysis of Data and Plan for Continuous Improvement

2017-2018:

The Library will:

- Expand the Information Literacy program to include more 300+ level courses
- Offer new types of instruction besides the enhanced ENGL 102 script
- Expand the Information Literacy for Higher Education program to include the ACRL Frameworks
- Revise its 15 video tutorials and assessments to reflect the changes within the ACRL frameworks

In 2018-2019, the Archives Department will seek new opportunities for expanding the use of our collections. The Public Services Department will offer new types of instruction besides the enhanced ENGL 102 script and will pilot a new method in fall 2018.

#### 2018-2019:

The Archives Department participated in several outreach events, including the Rare Books Petting Zoo and exhibits in an effort to expand the use of our collections. The Public Services Department reached out to more 300+ level courses. The Public Services Department incorporated the ACRL Framework into ENGL 101, ENGL 102, and FFND. This is incorporated into the updated Information Literacy Plan (Summer 2018). The Public Services Department revised the video tutorials for ENGL 101, ENGL 102, and FFND. In 2019-2020, the Public Services Department will revise the video tutorials for ENGL 101, ENGL 102, and FFND. The primary goals are to offer a fresh appearance to the modules and to redesign the assessment quizzes. The Archives Department will continue to engage in outreach activities to provide extensive research to patrons.

#### 2019-2020:

The Archives Department will continue to engage in outreach activities to provide extensive research to patrons. The best way to increase research services is to process more collections and make the finding aids available to the public. We will strive to meet our goals (See 2.1) of processing more collections.

Changes in staffing in both the library and the university has made specialized library research assignments difficult to develop. It remains an ideal goal for the Public Services Department to develop such partnerships. The vision for this goal is to create a unique instruction experience apart from a video module and online quiz. Discussions with faculty had been for a face-to-face interaction. At present there are no plans to develop new face-to-face instruction due to COVID-19.

#### 2020-2021:

The Archives Department will continue to engage in outreach activities to provide extensive research to patrons. As noted last year, the best way to increase research services is to process more collections and make the finding aids available to the public. To that end we did complete the processing of the McNeese Photographs, an extensive collection with a detailed finding aid. In the coming year we hope to publicly post another extensive finding aid that is near completion. These finding aids, coupled with the post-hurricane and post-pandemic recovery, will hopefully mean a continuation of our excellent patron services. Public Services outreach efforts also suffered due to the pandemic and environmental crises. Outreach to 300+ level courses is an admirable goal. However, staff shortages, redistributed workloads, and an impending renovation will make outreach unlikely at least through the fall 2021 semester. We did not pilot new instruction techniques for ENGL. It remains an admirable, but unlikely goal for the foreseeable future. We did complete a new and improved Information Literacy Plan that includes the ACRL Framework. Public Services created 9 new video tutorials, mostly for the Life 101 series. These are smaller versions of the FFND video tutorials. Quizzes for the Life 101 videos were also scaled down to accommodate the guidelines for the course. We are hesitant to make new videos until we resolve the issue of usage statistics.

# Performance Objective 2 Preserve the history of McNeese State University and Southwest Louisiana.

#### 1 Assessment and Benchmark

Benchmark: The Archives and Special Collections Department will continue to strive to reach the objective of processing four archives collections and 200 digital images for the Louisiana Digital Library.

Prior to 2018-2019, the benchamark was to process five archives collections and 500 digital images fro the Louisiana Digital Libray.

#### 1.1 Data

#### 2015-2016:

The Archives and Special Collections Department processed two new collections and completely re-processed four existing collections to improve their accessibility by patrons. The department continues to weed and reprocess the MSU-Media Services Photographs, a very large, heavily-used collection.

#### 2016-2017:

The Archives and Special Collections Department processed one new collection and completely re-processed one existing collection to improve their accessibility by patrons. The department continues to weed and reprocess the MSU-Media Services Photographs, a very large, heavily-used collection. The department did not catalog any additional digital images due to changes in the Louisiana Digital Library at the state level.

#### 2017-2018:

The Archives and Special Collections Department processed three new collections and completely reprocessed three existing collections to improve their accessibility by patrons. The department continues to weed and re-process the MSU-Media Services Photographs, a very large, heavily-used collection. The department did not catalog any additional digital images due to changes in the Louisiana Digital Library at the state level.

#### 2018-2019:

In 2018-2019, the Archives and Special Collections Department processed 5 new collections and completely reprocessed 3 existing collections to improve their accessibility by patrons. The Department was only able to add 15 images to the Louisiana Digital Library.

#### 2019-2020:

The Archives and Special Collections Department processed one new collection and completely re-processed two existing collections to improve their accessibility by patrons. The Department was only able to add two images to the LDL.

## 2020-2021:

the Archives and Special Collections Department processed no new collections and completely re-processed one existing collection to improve its accessibility by patrons. The Department was only able to add 3 images to the LDL.

#### 1.1.1 Analysis of Data and Plan for Continuous Improvement

#### 2017-2018:

The Archives and Special Collections Department will adjust its goal to process four new archives collections and 200 digital images for the Louisiana Digital Library (LDL). The staff are learning the new procedures to input images into the LDL and hope to make the process faster in the future.

#### 2018-2019:

The Archives and Special Collections Department met its goal for processing archives collections. The Department did not meet its goal for adding digital images to the Louisiana Digital Library (LDL) due to technical issues at LSU. In 2019-2020, the Archives and Special Collections Department will strive to meet its goal to process four new archives collections and 200 digital images for the Louisiana Digital Library (LDL).

#### 2019-2020:

The Archives and Special Collections Department did not meet its goal for processing archives collections

or adding digital images to the Louisiana Digital Library (LDL). The reason for this is mainly that other projects took precedence, such as moving collections from one building to another and replacing the shelving. Also, the COVID 19 quarantine meant that the staff could not access the collections for two months. In 2020-2021 the Archives and Special Collections Department will again strive to meet its goal to process four new archives collections and 200 digital images for the Louisiana Digital Library (LDL). 2020-2021:

The Archives and Special Collections Department did not meet its goal for processing archives collections or adding digital images to the Louisiana Digital Library (LDL). The reason for this is mainly due to the pandemic and the hurricanes, which meant that the staff could not access the collections for several months. We have submitted 100 images with metadata for inclusion in the LDL, but we are waiting on LSU to process them and make them public. In 2021-2022 the Archives and Special Collections Department will again strive to meet its goal to process four new archives collections and 200 digital images for the Louisiana Digital Library (LDL), despite losing half of its staff.

## Performance Objective 3 Support Academic Programs.

## 1 Assessment and Benchmark

Benchmark: The Library will continue to strive to meet the target goal of evaluating a minimum of three electronic resources.

Academic Year	# of resources evaluated
2013-2014	3
2014-2015	3
2015-2016	0
2016-2017	3
2017-2018	0
2018-2019	6
2019-2020	6
2020-2021	9

## 1.1 Data

## 2015-2016:

The Library conducted no database trials. Databases offered for trials were deemed either not relevant to McNeese curriculum or had been conducted in previous years.

2016-2017:

The Library conducted three database trials: Statista (November-December 2016); UpToDate (April-May 2017); Kanopy (May-June 2017). Kanopy trial resulted in purchase of PDA (patron-driven acquisitions) subscription.

2017-2018:

The Library did not conduct database trials during fall 2017 or spring 2018. Databases offered for trials were deemed either not relevant to McNeese curriculum or had been conducted in previous years. Also, the budget situation precluded the possibility of any new purchases.

2018-2019:

The Library conducted six database trials: Statista; Bloomsbury Cultural History; HeinOnline; PsycARTICLES; PsycBOOKS; and PsycTESTS.

2019-2020: The library conducted three database trials in spring 2020: Harvard Business Review Press eBook Collection, R2 Digital Library, and Hein Online Academic. In addition, three trials begun in 2018-19 (PsycARTICLES, PsycBOOKS, and PsycTESTS) were extended through the end of July 2019. 2020-2021:

The library conducted trials of eight Wolters Kluwer health sciences databases during October-November 2020: Premium Basic Sciences Collection; Exercise Science and ACSM Suite; Acland Anatomy; Advance

Practice Nursing; Bates Visual Guide; 5 Minute Clinical Consult; Visible Body Human Anatomy Atlas; Made Incredibly Easy Collection. The library also conducted a database trial of ProQuest History Vault during January-February 2021.

## 1.1.1 Analysis of Data and Plan for Continuous Improvement

2017-2018:

For 2018-2019, the Library will adjust this benchmark to conduct three database trials per year. 2018-2019:

The Library conducted six database trials: Statista; Bloomsbury Cultural History; HeinOnline; PsycARTICLES; PsycBOOKS; and PsycTESTS. The Library received mostly positive responses to the trials, but we did not have the funds to purchase the databases. In 2019-2020, the Library will continue to plan on conducting at least three database trials per year.

2019-2020:

The library exceeded its goal of conducting three database trials per year. In 2020-2021 the Library will continue to track this goal.

2020-2021:

Because the library has exceeded its goal of conducting three database trials per year in each of the last three years, it is recommended that the benchmark be adjusted upward to include five database trials per year.

#### 2 Assessment and Benchmark

Benchmark: The Library will participate in at least three outreach activities to promote Open Education Resources.

#### 2.1 Data

#### 2018-2019:

Over the past two years, the Public Services Department's outreach activities have saved students \$190,836 in textbook costs.

Attached is a list of new faculty that have adopted OER/e-textbooks for courses in the 2019-2020 academic year using LOUIS funds. These faculty joined those already participating in the program in 2018-2019. LOUIS estimates the return on investment for these purchases to be \$171,322.50.

## 2019-2020:

The Library participated in several outreach activities:

- In July 2019 representatives from LOUIS came to campus and presented on OER. Faculty were encouraged to attend.
- Walt Fontane and Sandra Keirsey marketed the LOUIS faculty cohort program to the College of Business and the Department of Mass Communication (areas open to participation) in Fall 2019. More than 30 faculty were contacted by email with examples of content. There were at least 3 follow ups; but no active participants.
- In Spring 2020 a new LOUIS faculty cohort program began. Faculty outreach was scaled back. There were three applicants from McNeese and two accepted into the program.

Attached is a list of faculty who adopted OER/etextbooks for the 2020-21 academic year using LOUIS funds. These faculty joined the library already participating in the program. LOUIS estimates the return on investment for these purchases to be \$38,873.20.

The following OER projects, not tied to specific courses, were also funded by LOUIS:

- Evidence-based Acquisitions (EBA) grant for \$5,704.52 to purchase 57 ebooks on various subjects from Oxford University Press.
- EBA grant for \$8,044.70 to purchase 89 ebooks on various subjects from JSTOR and ProjectMUSE.

2020-2021:

• Over the past three years, the library has saved students a potential of \$484,202.75 through OER outreach.

• The library facilitated the applications of 3 teaching faculty into the 2020 LOUIS Faculty Cohort program. Two McNeese faculty (Cassandra Ditt and Philippe Girard) completed the cohort.

Faculty adopting OER 2021 [DOCX 27 KB 7/13/20] Faculty Adopting OER\_e-textbook 2019-2020 [DOCX 12 KB 3/4/20]

#### 2.1.1 Analysis of Data and Plan for Continuous Improvement

#### 2018-2019:

This is a new benchmark for the Library. In the past we have not formally tracked the number of outreach efforts in this area, although we have had some success in helping faculty adopt OERs for their students. In 2019-2020, the Library will receive training from LOUIS to learn to promote OER. Then the Library will hold a workshop for McNeese faculty in spring 2020. We have identified 15-20 professors who are using textbooks that have an electronic version that we hope to purchase with unlimited concurrent users. 2019-2020:

The Library's efforts in OER adoption proved fruitful. Walt Fontane worked with LOUIS to revise the Returnon-Investment spreadsheet to more accurately reflect potential student savings. In 2020-2021, the Library will focus on accurately recording faculty adopting OER. There is no requirement for faculty adopting OER to inform the library, which makes reporting difficult.

2020-2021:

The pandemic, hurricanes, and personnel changes in the library made this benchmark difficult to assess. We regularly receive the McNeese Bookstore's textbook adoption list and non-adoption list, but it takes a lot of time to look for electronic alternatives on the former, and more time and effort to follow up with faculty on the latter. All that can be said is that OER resources are continuing to grow at McNeese, and the library continues to offer outreach and support.

## Performance Objective 4 Serve as a federal depository for Congressional district III.

#### 1 Assessment and Benchmark

Benchmark: The Government Information Department will catalog at least 1,000 Federal documents.

#### 1.1 Data

Calendar Year	# of documents cataloged
2013	580
2014	661
2015	1,052
2016	1,130
2017	1,537
2018	
2019	802
2020	1,785
2021	281

#### 2015-2016:

The Government Information Department continued the retrospective cataloging of the federal documents.

#### 2016-2017:

Retrospective cataloging of federal documents is a joint project between Government Information and Cataloging. In 2016, 1,130 government documents were retrospectively cataloged.

#### 2017-2018:

Due to a change in workflows, retrospective cataloging of federal documents is no longer a joint project

between Government Information and Cataloging. Responsibility for retrospective cataloging rests with Government Information. Cataloging provides technical assistance when original cataloging is needed. In 2017, 1,537 government documents were retrospectively cataloged.

2018-2019:

The Government Information Department cataloged 802 older federal documents. 2019-2020:

The Government Information Department cataloged 1,785 older federal documents. Included in this total were documents from the federal civil rights commission section, which had been used for research by faculty. 2020-2021:

The Government Information Department cataloged 281 older federal documents.

## 1.1.1 Analysis of Data and Plan for Continuous Improvement

#### 2016-2017:

In calendar year 2017, the Government Information Department will continue the retrospective cataloging of Federal documents with a goal of cataloging 1,500 documents.

2017-2018:

In calendar year 2018, the Government Information Department will join the Federal Depository Library Program's Preservation Stewardship program. Government Information will identify a portion of the Environmental Protection Agency documents for preservation. Government Information will continue the retrospective cataloging of federal documents, focusing on those that are selected for preservation, with a goal of adding 1,000 item records to the catalog.

2018-2019:

The Government Information Department joined the Federal Depository Library Program Preservation Stewardship program with 95 items of regional interest from the EPA collection.

Government Information continued the retrospective cataloging of federal documents, 95 of those were selected for preservation, altogether 802 item records were added to the catalog. The goal of 1,000 items added to the catalog was not reached. In 2019-2020 the Government Information Department will continue the retrospective cataloging, in the Department of Commerce, Census section with a goal of adding 1,000 item records. The Government Information Department will contribute to the University publication efforts by indexing volumes of the McNeese Review, for publication in the Bayou Periodical Review with a goal of adding adding selections from two volumes per year.

2019-2020:

The Government Information Department surpassed its goal of adding 1,000 retrospective cataloging documents to the records, a total of 1,785 were cataloged.

The Government Information Department completed indexing of older volumes of the *McNeese Review*, which hadn't been indexed since the last indexer left. Indexing for the *McNeese Review* is now up to date in the Bayou State Periodical Index. Three volumes were indexed so the goal was reached.

The Government Information Department helped out the editor of the Bayou State Periodical Index by indexing six *Louisiana Life* (2019) issues.

In 2020-2021, the Government Information Department will continue to track this goal. 2020-2021:

The pandemic and environmental disasters obviously impacted this benchmark. Government Information staff need to be in the building, or at least have access to the documents in order to complete retro cataloging. The Government Information Department continued to index the *McNeese Review* for the Bayou State Periodical Index. The title is fully indexed, and department staff continue to update on a regular basis. Department staff continue to index *Louisiana Life*. In 2021-2022 the department will continue to track this goal.

## Performance Objective 5 Provide supportive environment for academic research.

## 1 Assessment and Benchmark

Benchmark: The Library will continue to offer professional development programs.

## 1.1 Data

## 2016-2017:

The Library offered the following professional development programs:

- Accreditation and the Library
- Trends and Free Digital Resources
- The 21st Century Library
- Introduction to Archives
- Library Classification

#### 2017-2018:

The Library faculty participated in over 60 professional development programs, including local and national library conferences, webinars, and subject-specific workshops. For a complete list of activities, please see attachment.

#### 2018-2019:

The Library faculty participated in over 50 professional development programs, including local and national library conferences, webinars, and subject-specific workshops. For a complete list of activities, please see attachment.

#### 2019-2020:

The Library faculty participated in over 74 professional development programs, including local and national library conferences, webinars, and subject-specific workshops. For a complete list of activities, please see attachment.

#### 2020-2021:

The Library faculty participated in over 100 professional development programs, including local and national library conferences, webinars, and subject-specific workshops. For a complete list of activities, please see attachment.

List of prof dev 2018 [DOCX 24 KB 3/4/20] List of prof dev 2020 [DOCX 24 KB 7/13/20] List of prof dev 2021 [DOCX 26 KB 7/8/21] Professional Development 2017 [DOCX 20 KB 3/4/20]

#### 1.1.1 Analysis of Data and Plan for Continuous Improvement

#### 2016-2017:

In 2017, the Library will begin tracking all professional development experiences, both internal and external, through the APRs of the Library faculty.

#### 2017-2018:

In 2018, the Library will expand this benchmark to include professional development activities of the Library staff, in addition to the faculty.

#### 2018-2019:

The Library has maintained a high level of professional development participation. Nearly every professional development activity improves the Library in some way. For example:

- At the Society of Southwest Archivists meeting, the archivist learned about how other archives recovered from various disasters. This will improve our response to the next disaster that strikes.
- From the Library Assessment Conference, the public services head learned about area usage studies. This has led to additional monthly statistics to determine where the students prefer to study in the building so we can focus on improvements (furniture, technology, aesthetics, etc.) in those areas. We moved white boards by the areas the engineering students use. We replaced tables and chairs in high traffic areas.

- At the American Library Association annual meeting, the public aervices head attended programs about alternative forms of instruction—particularly escape rooms and murder-in-the-stacks programs. We outlined a plan with a professor, but there was not enough time to finalize everything.
- After the LOUIS Users Conference, a public services librarian took the lead in updating our information literacy plan to include the ACRL IL Framework. It is cumbersome and complicated, so we are planning to update it again, possibly using instructional design theory.
- Through OER webinars, several librarians learned more about marketing to faculty. Every year we
  get more buy-in from faculty.
- At SciFinder training, several librarians learned some techniques for helping users find material using SciFinder and Chemical Abstracts Service products.
- At the LOUIS System Administrators meetings, the technical services staff learned about the latest updates for SirsiDynix and new LOUIS projects and programs, such as the evidence-based acquisitions (EBA) and open access (OA) projects to provide low- or no-cost textbooks for faculty, who will make these options available to students.
- The ACRL-Choice webinar "Quantitative Reporting on Digital Collections" went into depth about using standardized COUNTER reports for gathering database use statistics and covered changes in reporting planned for 2019. Also, the Charleston Conference webinar "All There Is to Know about Evidence Based Acquisitions" gave an overview of EBA, with emphasis on experience with one publisher (Cambridge University Press).

In 2019-2020, the Library will begin hosting separate bi-monthly "Dialog with the Director" meetings for the staff and faculty to create a more supportive environment for academic research and professional development.

#### 2019-2020:

The Library has maintained a high level of professional development participation. Nearly every professional development activity improves the Library in some way. One silver lining of the COVID-19 pandemic was that Library staff had more time to participate in online professional development opportunities. In 2020-2021, the Library will continue to track this goal.

#### 2020-2021:

The Library has maintained a high level of professional development participation. Nearly every professional development activity improves the Library in some way. One silver lining of the pandemic and the weather-related closures was that Library staff had more time to participate in online professional development opportunities. In 2021-2022, the Library will continue to track this goal.

#### 2 Assessment and Benchmark

Benchmark: The Library will continue the thematic on-site bulletin board exhibits.

List of outreach 2018 [DOCX 19 KB 3/4/20] outreach 2017 [DOCX 20 KB 3/4/20]

## 2.1 Data

#### 2016-2017:

The Library hosted 10 on-site thematic bulletin board exhibits:

- American Indian Heritage
- Black History Month & Mardi Gras
- McNeese Departments & professors publications
- Poetry month: Jim Harrison: Poet, Novelist, Essayist & Earth Day
- · Welcome Student Veterans Government Information Dept. displays
- Performing Arts Dept. productions
- What's happening on campus table
- Library Re-Opening display

#### 2017-2018:

The Library participated in over 70 outreach efforts, including regular mini exhibits in the Library building, participation in campus-wide events, and crowdsourcing activities. For a complete list of activities, please see attachment.

## 2018-2019:

The Library participated in over 30 outreach efforts, including regular mini exhibits in the Library building, participation in campus-wide events, and crowdsourcing activities. For a complete list of activities, please see attachment.

## 2019-2020:

In academic year 2019-2020, the Library participated in over 29 outreach efforts, including regular mini exhibits in the Library building, participation in campus-wide events, and civic activities. Please see the attached list of activities.

## 2020-2021:

The Library participated in 20 outreach efforts, including regular mini exhibits in the Library building, participation in campus-wide events, and civic activities. Please see the attached list of activities.

List of outreach 2020 [DOCX 20 KB 7/13/20] List of outreach 2021 [DOCX 20 KB 7/8/21]

## 2.1.1 Analysis of Data and Plan for Continuous Improvement

## 2016-2017:

In calendar year 2017, the Library will begin tracking all outreach efforts through monthly reports and the APRs of the Library faculty. Examples of outreach efforts include K-12 tours, speaking engagements, and events.

## 2017-2018:

In calendar year 2018, the Library will also begin tracking all collaborative efforts with other McNeese State University departments, such as course instruction, Women's Studies events, and Leisure Learning.

## 2018-2019:

The Library has maintained a high level of engagement with the McNeese and SWLA community. The Library has begun partnering with the Dept. of Visual Arts to regularly display student art work in the Library. In 2018, the Library celebrated National Library Week by inviting the public to a full program of events. In 2019-2020, the Library will continue to seek out new opportunities to engage with the community.

## 2019-2020:

The Library has maintained a high level of engagement with the McNeese and SWLA community. In 2020-2021, the Library will continue to track this goal.

## 2020-2021:

Obviously, the Library's outreach efforts were hampered by the crises of 2020. We hope to return to a higher level of engagement in 2021-2022.

## Performance Objective 6 Seek outside funding for library initiatives.

## 1 Assessment and Benchmark

Benchmark: In each calendar year, the Library will apply for at least three grants.

## 1.1 Data

2016:

The Library participated in the LOUIS-Board of Regents etextbook project. This is a statewide initiative with minimal local funding. TASC funds were secured to complete phase II of the RFID project (four self-check stations, two more RFID readers, security lattices, and Branch Manager software). Because TASC funds were

requested to purchase new equipment to complete renovation project, TASC funds were not also requested to purchase ebooks.

#### 2017:

The Library received two TASC grants; one to purchase 343 EBSCO ebooks and another for \$18,116.58 to purchase LED projectors and microfilm scanners.

#### 2018:

The Library received the following grants:

- \$2,484.86 from LOUIS to purchase e-textbooks for use in Nursing courses

- \$113.93 from Career Press for books

- \$10,050.17 from LOUIS to purchase thirteen e-textbooks supporting various courses and 82 JSTOR and Project MUSE ebooks

- \$53,789.00 from the University's Campus Development Committee to purchase new furnishings for the library

#### 2019-2020:

The library received the following grants:

\$5,704 from LOUIS to purchase 57 ebooks on various subjects from Oxford University Press

\$1,868.31 from LOUIS to purchase 10 etextbooks in support of various courses

\$3,500 from the Shearman Research Grant fund to more fully identify and describe images in the Gabbert Photograph Collection

\$304.27 from LOUIS to purchase 4 etextbooks in support of various courses

\$8,044.70 from LOUIS to purchase 89 ebooks on various subjects from JSTOR and ProjectMUSE

#### 2020-2021:

The library received \$933.46 from LOUIS to purchase 5 ebooks on various subjects.

The library received \$129.99 (est.) from CARES Act funds to purchase a Blue Yeti USB microphone for improving sound quality to instructional videos. Because of campus closure from hurricanes, TASC funds were not available.

#### 1.1.1 Analysis of Data and Plan for Continuous Improvement

#### 2016:

In 2017, the Library will request TASC funds to purchase ebooks and technology equipment.

#### 2017:

In 2018, the Library should complete the current project to identify overlapping online and bound periodical holdings and reduce bound periodical holdings (working backward from Z to A, the project is currently in A and mostly awaiting discarding of withdrawn volumes). Completion of the project will free up space on second floor for additional seating. Also, a concurrent project to evaluate journal holdings with input from academic departments is underway; completion should mean budget savings and more efficient use of the collection.

#### 2018:

The Library was fortunate to receive four grants for library materials and furnishings last year. In 2019-2020, the library will continue to apply for grants for library materials and other needed equipment and furnishings.

#### 2019-2020:

The Library met its goal by applying for and receiving five grants. In 2020-2021, the Library will continue to track this goal.

#### 2020-2021:

The library will continue to track this benchmark with the goal of maximizing any available funds.

#### 2 Assessment and Benchmark

Benchmark: The Library will continue to seek out and add appropriate gift and free resources.

## 2.1 Data

## 2016:

The Library received 54 gift books and 87 theses. The Library also received 22 gift periodical subscriptions, one gift database, and an online subscription to the Lake Charles *American Press*.

## 2017:

The Library cataloged 27 gift books and 17 theses. The Library also received 69 DVDs funded through a gift from the McNeese Foundation. The Library continues to receive unsolicited gifts; we received 128 gift books and 30 gift audiovisual items. The gift database previously received, Cabell's, was dropped due to a change in focus; it was no longer considered relevant to our needs. The Library provides access to 13 free databases and indexed, including PubMed Central, PsyCRITIQUES, and the Homeland Security Digital Library. Gift periodicals were kept to a minimum due to the ongoing project to withdraw duplicate print periodicals.

## 2018:

The Library added 36 gift items (including 16 theses) estimated in value at \$3,374.64. The Library received 13 gift periodical subscriptions valued at \$6,654.05. The Library also received 12 free databases valued at \$59,100.00.

## 2019:

The Library added gift 54 items (including 19 theses) estimated in value at \$5,037.66. The library received 23 gift periodical subscriptions valued at \$8,830.16. The library received 11 free databases valued at \$54,175.00.

## 2020:

The Library added 53 gift items estimated in value at \$4,736.61. The library received 41 gift periodical subscriptions valued at \$15,556.22. The library received 11 free databases valued at \$47,021.15.

## 2.1.1 Analysis of Data and Plan for Continuous Improvement

## 2016:

In 2017, the Library will increase the number of free resources by at least 10%.

## 2017:

In 2018, the Library will make progress on the backlog of unsolicited gifts, cataloging items considered worthy of inclusion and disposing of those items not considered appropriate for our collection. The Library will also continue to take advantage of any outside funding sources for adding materials, such as TASC grants.

## 2018:

The Library still receives occasional unsolicited gifts, although not as many as in the past. Some are still awaiting disposition; the backlog is of manageable size and is not growing significantly. Inappropriate gifts or those in poor condition are disposed of relatively quickly after receipt. One significant gift book was a new folio edition of Margaret Stones' botanical watercolor sketches. The book is currently on display in the front lobby of the Library. In 2019-2020, the Library will continue to take advantage of appropriate free and gift resources whenever they are offered.

## 2019:

The library continues to receive unsolicited gifts. Priority for processing is given to items deemed most useful to patrons. Those in poor condition or deemed inappropriate for the collection are disposed of relatively quickly after receipt. In 2020-2021, the Library will continue to track this goal.

## 2020:

The library continues to receive unsolicited gifts, although not as many as in the past. The cataloging and processing of all materials, gifts included, was hindered in 2020 by pandemic- and hurricane-related closures. However, we were able to catalog 53 gift titles on American history from the estate of Dr. Ray Miles. The elimination of the Catalog Librarian position is expected to seriously impact the cataloging and processing of gifts. Nevertheless, the library will continue to track this benchmark.

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